Moses

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Who will do MT Research?

- If MT research requires the development of many resources
 - who will be able to do relevant research?
 - who will be able to deploy the technology?
- A few big labs?



• ... or a broad network of academic and commercial institutions?





Moses





Open source machine translation toolkit Everybody can build a state of the art system

Moses History



- **2002** Pharaoh decoder, precursor to Moses (phrase-based models)
- **2005** Moses started by Hieu Hoang and Philipp Koehn (factored models)
- **2006** JHU workshop extends Moses significantly
- **2006-2012** Funding by EU projects EuroMatrix, EuroMatrixPlus
- **2009** Tree-based models implemented in Moses
- **2012-2015** MosesCore project. Full-time staff to maintain and enhance Moses

Information



- Web site: http://www.statmt.org/moses/
- Github repository: https://github.com/moses-smt/mosesdecoder/
- Main user mailing list: moses-support@mit.edu
 - 1034 subscribers (March 2015)
 - several emails per day

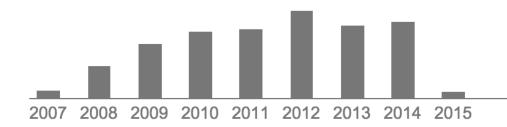
Academic Use



Moses: Open source toolkit for statistical machine translation

- Authors Philipp Koehn, Hieu Hoang, Alexandra Birch, Chris Callison-Burch, Marc Cowan, Wade Shen, Christine Moran, Richard Zens, Chris Dyer, Ondřej
- Publication date 2007/6/25
 - Conference Proceedings of the 45th annual meeting of the ACL on interactive poster
 - Pages 177-180
 - Publisher Association for Computational Linguistics
 - Description Abstract We describe an open-source toolkit for statistical machine trans support for linguistically motivated factors,(b) confusion network decodin models and language models. In addition to the SMT decoder, the toolki training, tuning and applying the system to many translation tasks.

Total citations Cited by 2651



Commercial Use



• Widely used by companies for internal use or basis for commercial MT offerings

For this Moses MT market report we idenfified 22 of the 64 MT operators as Moses-based and we estimate the market share of these operators to be about \$45 million or about 20% of the entire MT solutions market.

(Moses MT Market Report, 2015)



Quality



- Recent evaluation campaign on news translation
- Moses system better than Google Translate
 - English–Czech (2014)
 - French–English (2013, 2014)
 - Czech–English (2013)
 - Spanish–English (2013)
- Moses system as good as Google Translate
 - English–German (2014)
 - English–French (2013)
- Google Translate is trained on more data
- In 2013, Moses systems used very large English language model

Developers



- Formally in charge: Philipp Koehn
- Keeps ship afloat: Hieu Hoang
- Mostly academics
 - researcher implements a new idea
 - it works \rightarrow research paper
 - it is useful \rightarrow merge with main branch, make user friendly, document
- Some commercial users
 - more memory and time efficient implementations
 - handling of specific text formats (e.g., XML markup)



build a system

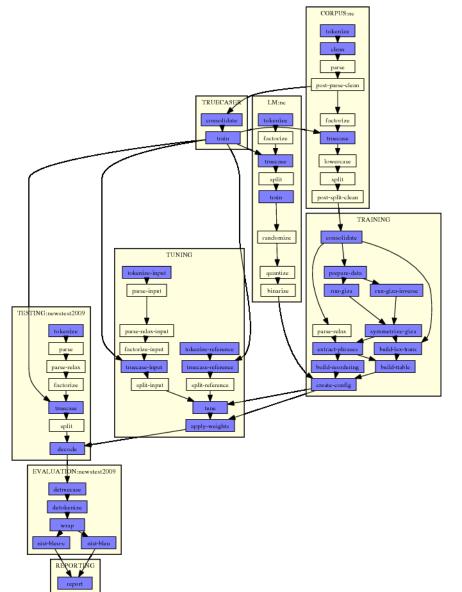
Ingredients



- Install the software
 - runs on Linux and MacOS
 - installation instructions
 http://www.statmt.org/moses/?n=Development.GetStarted
- Get some data
 - OPUS (various languages, various corpora) http://opus.lingfil.uu.se/
 - WMT data (focused on news, defined test sets)
 http://www.statmt.org/wmt15/translation-task.html
 - Microtopia , Chinese–X corpus extracted from Twitter and Sina Weibo http://www.cs.cmu.edu/~lingwang/microtopia/
 - Asian Scientific Paper Excerpt Corpus (Japanese–English and Chinese) http://lotus.kuee.kyoto-u.ac.jp/ASPEC/
 - LDC has large Arabic–English and Chinese–English corpora

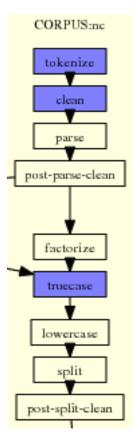
Steps





Basic Text Processing





• Tokenization The bus arrives in Baltimore .

- Handling case
 - lowercasing / recasing the bus arrives in baltimore.
 - truecasing / de-truecasing the bus arrives in Baltimore .
- Other pre-processing, such as
 - compound splitting
 - annotation with POS tags, word classes
 - morphological analysis
 - syntactic parsing

Major Training Steps



- Word alignment
- Phrase table building
- Language model training
- Other component models
 - reordering model
 - operation sequence model
- Organize specification into configuration file

Tuning and Testing



• Parameter tuning

- prepare input and reference translation
- use methods such as MERT to optimize weights
- insert weights into configuration file
- Testing
 - prepare input and reference translation
 - translate input with decoder
 - compute metric scores (e.g., BLEU) with respect to reference



experiment.perl

Experimentation



• Build baseline system

• Try out

- a newly implemented feature
- variation of configuration
- use of different training data
- Build new system
- Compare results
- Repeat

Motivation



- Avoid typing many commands on command line
- Steps from previous runs could be re-used
- Important to have a record of how a system was built
- Need to communicate system setup to fellow researchers

Experiment Management System



- Configuration in one file
- Automatic re-use of results of steps from prior runs
- Runs steps in parallel when possible
- Can submit steps as jobs to GridEngine clusters
- Detects step failure
- Provides web based interface with analysis

Web-Based Interface



Task: WMT10 French-English (pkoehn)

<u>Wiki Notes</u> 1

Overview of experiments //fs/saxnot1/pkoehn-experiment/wmt10-fr-en

compare	ID	start	end	newstest2009
cfg par img	[1041-12] 7+Internal emplus test set	21 Apr	crashed	-
□ <u>cfg par img</u>	[1041-11] 5+interpolated-tm.lm-weighted	19 Feb	20 Feb 14: 0.250655 -> 0.250672	26.30 (1.027) analysi 27.36 (1.027)
□ <u>cfg par img</u>	[1041-10] 5+only-un	04 Feb	07 Feb 14: 0.242868 -> 0.242888	25.53 (1.026) 26.56 (1.026)
□ <u>cfg par img</u>	[<u>1041-9]</u> 5+only-ep	05 Feb	06 Feb 12: 0.242985 -> 0.245115	25.43 (1.034) 26.49 (1.034)
□ <u>cfg par img</u>	[1041-8] 5+only-nc	04 Feb	05 Feb 19: 0.225010 -> 0.225012	23.62 (1.023) 24.54 (1.023)
□ <u>cfg par img</u>	[1041-7] 5+pop20,000+ttl50	19 Feb	19 Feb	<u>26.07 (1.027)</u> analysi 27.11 (1.027)
□ <u>cfg par img</u>	[<u>1041-6]</u> 5+pop20,000	19 Feb	19 Feb	26.11 (1.026) analysi 27.16 (1.026)
□ <u>cfg par img</u>	[1041-5] 2+pos-lm	19 Feb	19 Feb 5: 0.247961 -> 0.247992	26.13 (1.026) analysi 27.16 (1.026) ☑
□ <u>cfg par img</u>	[1041-4] 3+w/o GoodTuring	18 Jan	18 Jan 6: 0.240355 -> 0.240355	25.23 (1.025) 26.29 (1.025)
□ <u>cfg par img</u>	[1041-3] 2+w/o UN	17 Jan	18 Jan 17: 0.242442 -> 0.242442	25.37 (1.024) 26.47 (1.024)
□ <u>cfg par img</u>	[1041-2] baseline GIZA++	10 Feb	10 Feb 14: 0.247519 -> 0.247536	25.92 (1.025) analysi 26.93 (1.025) ▼
□ <u>cfg par img</u>	[1041-1] baseline Berkeley	18 Jan	crashed	-

Analysis



Analysis: WMT10 English-German (pkoehn), Set newstest2010, Run 13

Precision	Metrics	Coverage	
precision 1-gram 2-gram 3-gram 4-gram	BLEU-c BLEU	model corpus	
correct 31719 13052 6406 3289	16.30 (0.962) 16.68 (0.962)	0 1829 (2.9%) 1486 (2.4%)	1 to 2
52.8% 22.7% 11.6% 6.3%		1 577 (0.9%) 410 (0.7%)	2 to
wrong 28329 44507 48665 49307	length-diff: -2383 (-3.8%)	2-5 1220 (1.9%) 632 (1.0%)	3 to
details		6+ 59420 (94.2%) 60518 (96.0%)	4+ to
		by token / <u>by type</u> /	
		details	

annotated sentences

sorted by order <u>best worst</u> showing 5 <u>more</u> <u>all</u>

[**#**0]

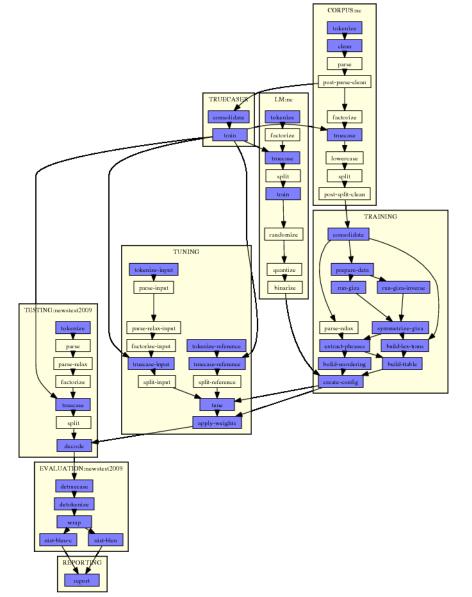
Barack Obama becomes the fourth American president to receive the Nobel Peace Prize [0.2521] Barack Obama wird der vierte amerikanische Präsident den Friedensnobelpreis erhalten Barack Obama erhält als vierter US @-@ Präsident den Friedensnobelpreis

Quick Start



- Create a directory for your experiment
- Copy example configuration file **config.toy**
- Edit paths to point to your Moses installation
- Edit paths to your training / tuning / test data
- Run experiment.perl -config config.toy

Automatically Generated Execution Graph 22



Configuration File



[GENERAL]

```
### directory in which experiment is run
#
working-dir = /home/pkoehn/experiment
```

```
# specification of the language pair
input-extension = fr
output-extension = en
pair-extension = fr-en
```

```
### directories that contain tools and data
#
# moses
moses-src-dir = /home/pkoehn/moses
#
# moses binaries
moses-bin-dir = $moses-src-dir/bin
#
# moses scripts
moses-script-dir = $moses-src-dir/scripts
#
# directory where GIZA++/MGIZA programs resides
external-bin-dir = /Users/hieuhoang/workspace/bin/training-tools
#
```

Specifiying a Parallel Corpus



```
[CORPUS]
### long sentences are filtered out, since they slow down GIZA++
# and are a less reliable source of data. set here the maximum
# length of a sentence
#
max-sentence-length = 80
[CORPUS:toy]
### command to run to get raw corpus files
#
# get-corpus-script =
### raw corpus files (untokenized, but sentence aligned)
#
raw-stem = $toy-data/nc-5k
### tokenized corpus files (may contain long sentences)
#
#tokenized-stem =
### if sentence filtering should be skipped,
# point to the clean training data
#
#clean-stem =
### if corpus preparation should be skipped,
# point to the prepared training data
#
#lowercased-stem =
```

Execution Logic



- Very similar to Makefile
 - need to build final report
 - ... which requires metric scores
 - ... which require decoder output
 - ... which require a tuned system
 - ... which require a system
 - ... which require training data
- Files can be specified at any point
 - already have a tokenized corpus \rightarrow no need to tokenize
 - already have a system \rightarrow no need to train it
 - already have tuning weights \rightarrow no need to tune
- If you build your own component (e.g., word aligner)
 - run it outside the EMS framework, point to result
 - integrate it into the EMS

Execution of Step



• For each step, commands are wrapped into a shell script

% ls steps/1/LM_toy_tokenize.1* | cat steps/1/LM_toy_tokenize.1 steps/1/LM_toy_tokenize.1.DONE steps/1/LM_toy_tokenize.1.INFO steps/1/LM_toy_tokenize.1.STDERR steps/1/LM_toy_tokenize.1.STDERR.digest steps/1/LM_toy_tokenize.1.STDOUT

- **STDERR** and **STDERR** are recorded
- **INFO** contains specification information for re-use check
- **DONE** flags finished execution
- **STDERR.digest** should be empty, otherwise a failure was detected

Execution Plan



• Execution plan follows structure defined in experiment.meta

- in and out link steps
- **default-name** specifies name of output file
- **template** defines how command is built (not always possible)
- **pass-unless** and similar indicate optional and alternative steps

Example: Corpus Tokenization



• Shell script steps/1/CORPUS_toy_tokenize.1

#!/bin/bash

PATH=/home/pkoehn/statmt/bin:/home/pkoehn/edinburgh-scripts/scripts:/home/pkoehn/edinburgh-scripts
/scripts:/usr/lib64/mpi/gcc/openmpi/bin:/home/pkoehn/bin:/usr/local/bin:/usr/bin:/usr/bin:/usr/bin/X11
:/usr/X11R6/bin:/usr/games
cd /home/pkoehn/experiment/toy
echo 'starting at ''date'' on ''hostname'
mkdir -p /home/pkoehn/experiment/toy/corpus

mkdir -p /home/pkoehn/experiment/toy/corpus
/home/pkoehn/moses/scripts/tokenizer/tokenizer.perl -a -l fr -r 1 -o /home/pkoehn/experiment/toy/
 corpus/toy.tok.1.fr < /home/pkoehn/moses/scripts/ems/example/data/nc-5k.fr > /home/pkoehn/
 experiment/toy/corpus/toy.tok.1.fr
/home/pkoehn/moses/scripts/tokenizer/tokenizer.perl -a -l en < /home/pkoehn/moses/scripts/ems/</pre>

example/data/nc-5k.en > /home/pkoehn/experiment/toy/corpus/toy.tok.1.en

echo 'finished at ''date'
touch /home/pkoehn/experiment/toy/steps/1/CORPUS_toy_tokenize.1.DONE



decoder code

moses.ini



MOSES CONFIG FILE

[mapping] 0 T 0 [distortion-limit] 6 # feature functions [feature] UnknownWordPenalty WordPenalty PhrasePenalty PhraseDictionaryMemory name=TranslationModel0 num-features=4 path=/home/pkoehn/experiment/toy/model/phrase-table.98 input-factor=0 output-factor=0 LexicalReordering name=LexicalReordering0 num-features=6 type=wbe-msd-bidirectional-fe-allff input-factor=0 output-factor=0 path=/home/pkoehn/experiment/toy/model/reordering-table.98.wbe-msd-bidirectional-fe.gz Distortion KENLM lazyken=0 name=LM0 factor=0 path=/home/pkoehn/experiment/toy/lm/toy.binlm.98 order=5 # core weights [weight] LexicalReordering0= 0.0664129332614665 0.0193333634837915 0.0911160439237806 0.0528731533153271 0.0538468648342602 0.0425200543795641 Distortion0= 0.0734134000992988 LMO = 0.126823453992007WordPenalty0= -0.133801307986189 PhrasePenalty0= 0.101888283655511 TranslationModel0= 0.025090988893016 0.0854194608356669 0.0892763717037456 0.0381843196363756 UnknownWordPenalty0= 1

Handling Settings



- Parameters from the moses.ini file are stored in object Parameter function Parameter::LoadParam (line 422+ of Parameter.cpp) reads in the file
- Global object **StaticData** maintains all global settings
- In function StaticData::~StaticData() (line 95+ of StaticData.cpp), these settings are defined, partially based on parameters in the moses.ini file
- Parameter may be read

```
params = m_parameter->GetParam("stack-diversity");
```

followed by some logic what this means

Settings may be directly set based on parameter (with default value)
 m_parameter->SetParameter(m_maxDistortion, "distortion-limit", -1);

Startup



- **ExportInterface.cpp** contains essentially the **main** function
- decoder_main (lines 222+)
 - loads configuration file params.LoadParam(argc, argv) (line 245)
 - sets global settings

```
StaticData::LoadDataStatic(&params, argv[0]) (line 250)
```

- checks if decoder should be run as server process or in batch mode if (params.GetParam("server")) (line 260)
- Typically, the decoder is used in batch mode: batch_run() (lines 121+)
 - initialize input / output files
 IOWrapper* ioWrapper = new IOWrapper(); (line 132)
 - main loop through input sentences
 while(ioWrapper->ReadInput(staticData.GetInputType(), source)) (line 152)
 - set up task of translating one sentence
 TranslationTask* task = new TranslationTask(source, *ioWrapper); (line 272)
 - execute task (may be done via threads)

Translation Task



- Class TranslationTask handles one input sentence based on the search algorithm staticData.GetSearchAlgorithm()
- Sets implementation of the search, e.g.,
 - phrase-based: manager = new Manager(*m_source); (line 66)
 - generic syntax-based: manager = new ChartManager(*m_source); (line 95)
- Executes search algorithm
 manager->Decode(); (line 101)
- Deals with output, such as
 - best translation
 - n-best list
 - search graph

Manager



- Class Manager handles phrase-based model search
- Core function Manager::Decode() (line 88+)
 - collects translation options for this sentence

m_transOptColl->CreateTranslationOptions(); (line 110)

how this works depends on the implementation of the phrase table

calls search

```
m_search->Decode(); (line 123)
```

- Also implements
 - generation of n-best list
 - various operations on the search graph (e.g., MBR decoding)
 - computations of various reporting statistics

Search



- Default search implemented in class **SearchNormal** (others, e.g., cube pruning)
- Main search loop in SearchNormal::Decode() (line 52+)
 - create initial hypothesis (line 58)
 - Hypothesis *hypo = Hypothesis::Create(m_manager,m_source, m_initialTransOpt);
 - add to stack 0
 m_hypoStackColl[0]->AddPrune(hypo); (line 59)
 - loop through the stacks
 for (iterStack = m_hypoStackColl.begin() ; iterStack != m_hypoStackColl.end() ;
 ++iterStack) (line 63)
 - * prune stack (line 78)
 sourceHypoColl.PruneToSize(staticData.GetMaxHypoStackSize());
 - * loop through hypotheses (line 87)
 for (iterH = sourceHypoColl begin(): iterH = sourceHypoColl
 - for (iterH = sourceHypoColl.begin(); iterH != sourceHypoColl.end(); ++iterH)
 - process each hypothesis
 - Hypothesis &hypothesis = **iterHypo; (line 88)
 - ProcessOneHypothesis(hypothesis); (line 89)

Expanding One Hypothesis



- Function ProcessOneHypothesis (line 109+ of SearchNormal.cpp)
- Check which translation options can be applied
 - overlap with already translated
 - reordering restrictions
- For valid span, execute ExpandAllHypotheses(hypothesis, startPos, endPos);
- Function ExpandAllHypotheses (line 247++ of SearchNormal.cpp)
- find translation options

const TranslationOptionList* tol = m_transOptColl.GetTranslationOptionList(startPos, endPos);

loop through them

```
for (iter = tol->begin() ; iter != tol->end() ; ++iter)
ExpandHypothesis(hypothesis, **iter, expectedScore);
```

Expanding One Hypothesis (cnt.)



- Function SearchNormal::ExpandHypothesis (line 283++)
 - create new hypothesis (line 294)

newHypo = hypothesis.CreateNext(transOpt);

- how many words did it translate so far? (line 351)
 - size_t wordsTranslated = newHypo->GetWordsBitmap().GetNumWordsCovered();
- add to the right stack (line 355)

m_hypoStackColl[wordsTranslated]->AddPrune(newHypo);

Create New Hypothesis



- Hypothesis class Hypothesis
- Expanding existing hypothesis \rightarrow initializer Hypothesis::Hypothesis (line 82+)
 - back pointer to previous hypothesis
 m_prevHypo(&prevHypo) (line 84)
 - notes which translation option was used
 m_transOpt(transOpt) (line 96)
 - adds translation option scores (line 100)
 m_currScoreBreakdown.PlusEquals(transOpt.GetScoreBreakdown());

 - ... and other book keeping

Feature Functions



- All hypothesis are scores with feature functions
- Each is implemented with its own class (see directory **FF**)
- Scoring
 - − if only depend on the translation option
 → need to implement function EvaluateInIsolation
 - − if additionally depends on input sentence
 → need to implement function EvaluateWithSourceContext
 - − if depends on application context
 → need to implement function EvaluateWhenApplied
- If stateful, **EvaluateWhenApplied** returns feature state
- YouTube video:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x-uo522bplw



possible final projects

Possible Final Projects with Moses



- A list of possible projects is maintained at http://www.statmt.org/moses/?n=Moses.GetInvolved
- For instance
 - Heafield search
 - lattice MIRA
 - reordering models / pre-ordering methods
- Things off the top of my head
 - decoding algorithm beam optimizations
 - multiple phrase table training in experiment.perl

Building a System for Your Language



- Build a system for your language
- Check quality
- Try out novel ideas
- Some training data should be available (if not: see next lecture on corpus crawling)
- Building standard system is done quickly ⇒ you have to do something original

Machine Translation Marathon



• Get more hands-on experience at the annual "hackaton":

Second Machine Translation Marathon in the Americas

- weeklong summer school
- work on MT projects in small groups
- talks by research leaders
- Place: Notre Dame, IN
- Dates: May 16-21, 2016
- More info: http://www.statmt.org/mtma16/